

# Langages Formels

## TD 5

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### Exercise 1 : State complexity of a language

Given a recognizable language  $L$ , we define its *state complexity*  $\text{Sc}(L)$  by the number of states of its minimal automaton. Show that the following inequalities hold ( $L^t$  is the transposed of  $L$ , the language of the mirror images of words of  $L$ ) :

1.  $\text{Sc}(L \cap K) \leq \text{Sc}(L)\text{Sc}(K)$ ;
2.  $\text{Sc}(L \cup K) \leq \text{Sc}(L)\text{Sc}(K)$ ;
3.  $\text{Sc}(L^t) \leq 2^{\text{Sc}(L)}$ ;
4.  $\text{Sc}(LK) \leq (2\text{Sc}(L) - 1)2^{\text{Sc}(K)-1}$ .

We will now show that some of these bounds have the right order of magnitude. Let  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ .

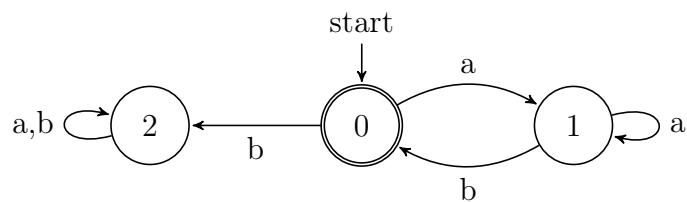
5. Consider  $L_n = \{|w|_a + |w|_b = 2n\}$  and  $L'_n = \{|w|_a + 2|w|_b = 3n\}$  for the bound for intersection.
6. Consider  $L_n = \Sigma^{n-1}a\Sigma^*$  for the bound for transposition.

### Exercise 2 : Minimization by BRZOZOWSKI inversion

1. Show that the determinized of a co-deterministic co-accessible automaton which recognizes a language  $L$  is (isomorphic to) the minimal automaton of  $L$ .
2. Using this result, devise a procedure to minimize an automaton. What is the complexity of this method ?

### Exercise 3 : Transition monoid

We consider the following finite deterministic complete automaton  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  :



1. Give  $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A})$ .
2. Give  $M$  the transition monoid of this automata, a morphism  $\phi$  and  $P \subset M$  such that  $L = \phi^{-1}(P)$ .

### Exercise 4 : Monoïde → Automate

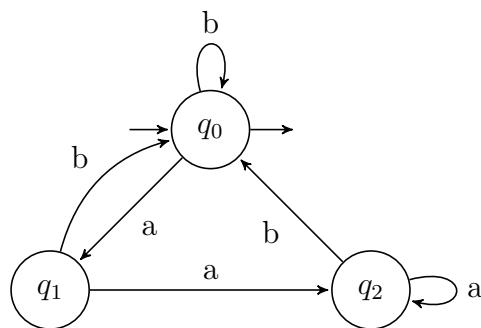
Soit  $M = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$  avec  $E$  l'élément neutre et

$u \setminus v$	A	B	C	D	E
A	E	D	C	C	A
B	D	B	C	C	B
C	C	C	B	C	C
D	D	C	C	D	D
E	A	B	C	D	E

avec  $\phi(a) = A$ ,  $\phi(b) = B$  et  $\phi(c) = C$ . Calculer  $\phi^{-1}(X)$  pour tout  $X \in M$  et tracer l'automate reconnaissant  $\phi^{-1}(C)$ .

### Exercice 5 : Automate → Monoïde

Donnez le monoïde syntaxique  $M$  du langage  $\mathcal{L}$  reconnu par cet automate, un morphisme  $\phi$  et  $P \subset M$  tel que  $\phi^{-1}(P) = \mathcal{L}$ .



Quelle est la congruence syntaxique de  $\mathcal{L}$ ? Quelles sont ses classes d'équivalence ?